

Duke Cancer Institute

Breast Cancer Biology, Stage of Presentation, and Treatment in the Extremes of Age

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Introduction

- Breast cancer = most common cause cancer-related deaths in women < 40y¹
- Breast cancer = most common cancer in elderly women¹
- Young women → more aggressive disease & treatment, ?worse survival^{2,3}
- De-escalation of therapy endorsed in older women
- Paucity of data directly comparing young and elderly with breast cancer

Objective

To compare contemporary biology, stage of presentation, patterns of care, and overall survival in breast cancer patients at the extremes of age.

Methods

- Adult patients, stages 0-IV breast cancer from 2004-2015 in the National Cancer Database
- Patients categorized by age:
 - 18-45y
 - 46-74y
 - ≥75y
- Patient characteristics compared
 - Chi-square and t-tests, as appropriate
- Survival analyses
 - Kaplan-Meier curves to visualize unadjusted overall survival
 - Cox proportional hazards model to estimate the effect of age group, after adjustment for known covariates
- Subset analysis of patients diagnosed in 2010 or later, to allow for adjustment of tumor biology (hormone-receptor [HR]+/HER2-, HER2+, triplenegative [TN])

Results

Table 1. Patient and tumor characteristics.

	All Patients	Ages 18-45y	Ages 75y+	Dyreline
	(N=1,201,252)	(N=156,240)	(N=210,095)	P-value
Histology				<0.001
Ductal	880010 (73.3%)	122889 (78.7%)	147029 (70%)	
Lobular	233400 (19.4%)	22978 (14.7%)	45108 (21.5%)	
Other	87842 (7.3%)	10373 (6.6%)	17958 (8.5%)	
Tumor Type				<0.001
DCIS	169773 (14.1%)	20961 (13.4%)	22263 (10.6%)	
Invasive Non-Metastatic	989079 (82.3%)	129095 (82.6%)	180196 (85.8%)	
Invasive Metastatic	42400 (3.5%)	6184 (4%)	7636 (3.6%)	
Clinical T Stage		,	,	<0.001
T0/IS	192356 (16%)	24558 (15.7%)	25151 (12%)	
T1	631855 (52.6%)	63885 (40.9%)	120054 (57.1%)	
T2	276529 (23%)	48677 (31.2%)	47759 (22.7%)	
T3	54940 (4.6%)	12914 (8.3%)	7320 (3.5%)	
T4	45572 (3.8%)	6206 (4%)	9811 (4.7%)	
Clinical N Stage	43372 (3.070)	0200 (470)	3011 (4.770)	<0.001
N0	1004429 (83.6%)	115957 (74.2%)	184318 (87.7%)	\(\text{0.001}\)
N1	146788 (12.2%)	30770 (19.7%)	18989 (9%)	
N2	` '	` ′		
N3	31886 (2.7%)	5973 (3.8%)	4701 (2.2%)	
	18149 (1.5%)	3540 (2.3%)	2087 (1%)	-0.004
Clinical M Stage	14.64.000 (00.70()	4F0490 (00 00)	202024 (02.5%)	<0.001
MO	1161206 (96.7%)	150439 (96.3%)	202831 (96.5%)	
M1	40046 (3.3%)	5801 (3.7%)	7264 (3.5%)	
Pathologic T Stage				<0.001
T0/IS	154529 (12.9%)	23077 (14.8%)	18163 (8.6%)	
T1	535254 (44.6%)	57388 (36.7%)	97130 (46.2%)	
T2	224479 (18.7%)	34172 (21.9%)	41640 (19.8%)	
T3	35426 (2.9%)	6518 (4.2%)	5823 (2.8%)	
T4	16365 (1.4%)	1823 (1.2%)	4756 (2.3%)	
TX	203595 (16.9%)	29493 (18.9%)	34525 (16.4%)	
Pathologic N Stage				<0.001
N0	650012 (54.1%)	76447 (48.9%)	108733 (51.8%)	
N1	165391 (13.8%)	28705 (18.4%)	22142 (10.5%)	
N2	49743 (4.1%)	9309 (6%)	6879 (3.3%)	
N3	25057 (2.1%)	4132 (2.6%)	3662 (1.7%)	
NX	267390 (22.3%)	33055 (21.2%)	57302 (27.3%)	
Pathologic M Stage				<0.001
MO	747034 (62.2%)	90913 (58.2%)	127894 (60.9%)	
M1	12485 (1%)	2172 (1.4%)	1779 (0.8%)	
MX	441733 (36.8%)	63155 (40.4%)	80422 (38.3%)	
Grade		,	,	<0.001
1	258029 (21.5%)	19825 (12.7%)	54390 (25.9%)	
2	522699 (43.5%)	60558 (38.8%)	98974 (47.1%)	
3	420524 (35%)	75857 (48.6%)	56731 (27%)	
ER Status	(1111)	(= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	();	<0.001
ER+	976250 (81.3%)	116531 (74.6%)	179920 (85.6%)	
ER-	225002 (18.7%)	39709 (25.4%)	30175 (14.4%)	
PR Status		(20.170)	551.5 (11170)	<0.001
PR+	854346 (71.1%)	106235 (68%)	154745 (73.7%)	10.001
PR-	346906 (28.9%)	50005 (32%)	55350 (26.3%)	
HER2 Status (2010 & after)	0 7 0900 (20.970)	30003 (32 /0)	00000 (20.070)	<0.001
,	05040 (42 69/)	17104 (19.69/)	11901 (0.30/)	<0.001
HER2+	95049 (12.6%)	17104 (18.6%)	11891 (9.2%)	
HER2-	540847 (71.7%)	60976 (66.2%)	99793 (77.5%)	-0.004
Tumor Biology (2010 & after)	400074 (04 404)	470.44 (54.00()	00005 (00.00()	<0.001
HR+/HER2-	463374 (61.4%)	47241 (51.3%)	89285 (69.3%)	
HER2+	95049 (12.6%)	17104 (18.6%)	11891 (9.2%)	
TNBC	77473 (10.3%)	13735 (14.9%)	10508 (8.2%)	

*ER: estrogen receptor. PR: progesterone receptor. HER2: human-epidermal-growth-factor-receptor-2. HR: hormone receptor. TNBC: triple negative breast cancer

Table 2. Treatment characteristics.

All Patients	Ages 18-45y	Ages 75y+	P-value
(N=1201252)	(N=156240)	(N=210095)	r-value
			<0.001
476583 (39.7%)	87566 (56%)	71444 (34%)	
661828 (55.1%)	61367 (39.3%)	120029 (57.1%)	
913 (0.1%)	140 (0.1%)	122 (0.1%)	
61928 (5.2%)	7167 (4.6%)	18500 (8.8%)	
			<0.001
738269 (61.5%)	53512 (34.2%)	188703 (89.8%)	
462983 (38.5%)	102728 (65.8%)	21392 (10.2%)	
			<0.001
515008 (42.9%)	68431 (43.8%)	127040 (60.5%)	
686244 (57.1%)	87809 (56.2%)	83055 (39.5%)	
			<0.001
452132 (37.6%)	64627 (41.4%)	91471 (43.5%)	
749120 (62.4%)	91613 (58.6%)	118624 (56.5%)	
	(N=1201252) 476583 (39.7%) 661828 (55.1%) 913 (0.1%) 61928 (5.2%) 738269 (61.5%) 462983 (38.5%) 515008 (42.9%) 686244 (57.1%) 452132 (37.6%)	(N=1201252) (N=156240) 476583 (39.7%) 87566 (56%) 661828 (55.1%) 61367 (39.3%) 913 (0.1%) 140 (0.1%) 61928 (5.2%) 7167 (4.6%) 738269 (61.5%) 53512 (34.2%) 462983 (38.5%) 102728 (65.8%) 515008 (42.9%) 68431 (43.8%) 686244 (57.1%) 87809 (56.2%) 452132 (37.6%) 64627 (41.4%)	(N=1201252) (N=156240) (N=210095) 476583 (39.7%) 87566 (56%) 71444 (34%) 661828 (55.1%) 61367 (39.3%) 120029 (57.1%) 913 (0.1%) 140 (0.1%) 122 (0.1%) 61928 (5.2%) 7167 (4.6%) 18500 (8.8%) 738269 (61.5%) 53512 (34.2%) 188703 (89.8%) 462983 (38.5%) 102728 (65.8%) 21392 (10.2%) 515008 (42.9%) 68431 (43.8%) 127040 (60.5%) 686244 (57.1%) 87809 (56.2%) 83055 (39.5%) 452132 (37.6%) 64627 (41.4%) 91471 (43.5%)

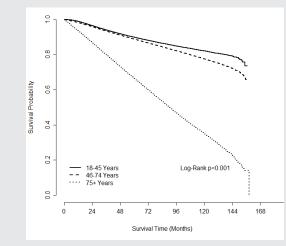


Figure 1. Unadjusted overall survival by age group.

Table 3. Unadjusted overall survival by age.

Age	Total	Deaths	5-Year Survival Rate (95% CI)	10-Year Survival Rate (95% CI)
18-46	156240	16007 (10.2%)	0.898 (0.897-0.900)	0.821 (0.817-0.824)
47-74	834917	95849 (11.5%)	0.887 (0.886-0.888)	0.775 (0.773-0.777)
75+	210095	72832 (34.7%)	0.666 (0.663-0.668)	0.351 (0.346-0.356)
Total	1201252	184688 (15.4%)	0.850 (0.849-0.851)	0.705 (0.703-0.707)

Table 4. Adjusted overall survival by diagnosis.

	Hazard Ratio (95% CI)	P-Value	Overall P-Value
DCIS (N=158	,241)		
Age Group			<0.001
18-45	REF		
46-74	2.187 (1.928-2.48)	<0.001	
75+	7.191 (6.28-8.235)	<0.001	
Invasive, nor	n-metastatic (N=915,994)		
Age Group			<0.001
18-45	REF		
46-74	1.207 (1.179-1.237)	<0.001	
75+	3.057 (2.965-3.151)	<0.001	
Invasive, me	tastatic (N=38,813)		
Age Group			<0.001
18-45	REF		
46-74	1.166 (1.117-1.218)	<0.001	
75+	1.566 (1.479-1.659)	<0.001	

*All models adjusted for year of diagnosis, gender, race/ethnicity, insurance status, income level, education level, facility type, facility location, distance traveled, Charlson/Deyo Comorbidity Score, histology, tumor grade, clinical T stage, clinical N stage, ER status, PR status, surgery type, radiation therapy, chemotherapy, and endocrine therapy.

Data Highlights

1,201,252 patients → 13% ≤45y & 17.5% ≥75y

Tumor Biology

- Grade 3 disease: younger > older
- HR+/HER2-: younger < older
- HER2+ & TN: younger > older

Stage of Presentation

- cN0: younger < older
- De novo cM1: younger = older

Patterns of Care

- Mastectomy, chemotherapy, & radiation: younger > older
- Endocrine therapy: younger > older

Survival Trends

- Unadjusted OS: younger > older
- After adjustment, OS for all diagnoses: younger > older
- Association weakened with increasing disease severity

Conclusions

- Significant differences in tumor biology & treatment between young & elderly patients with breast cancer
- Elderly women similarly at risk for incurable metastatic disease as younger women
- Thoughtful screening & treatment critical to prevent age-related disparities in care and outcomes

References

- American Cancer Society: Breast Cancer Facts & Figures 2017-2018.
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- 2. Rosenberg SM, et al. Breast. 2015; 24 Suppl2:S154-158.
- 3. Azim HA et al. BCR. 2014; 16(4):609-618.